

Direct diagnostics concept for high power CO₂ laser at the LPP focus spot

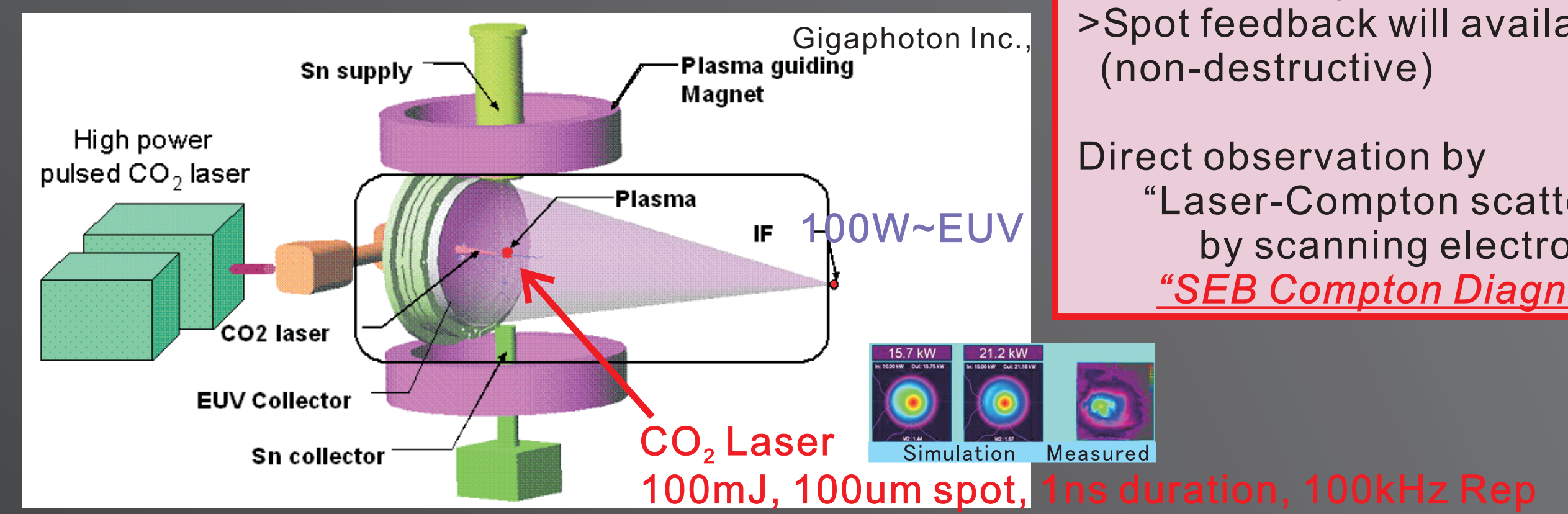


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Abstract

In the Laser Produced Plasma (LPP) EUV source, stability of CO₂ laser, which produces plasma, is the most important issue. The required CO₂ laser exceeds more than 100kHz repetition 200mJ pulse with 100micron spot and 1ns pulse duration at the plasma point. Direct diagnostics of such a high power pulse cannot be achieved by the recent technologies. Position, energy, and timing stabilities are necessary for stable EUV source, moreover, the ideal laser spot profile is also needed for higher conversion efficiency (CE). This presentation proposes the unique diagnostics for such high power laser pulses at the focus point. This technique based on laser-Compton scattering with a very small spot electron beam. Focused electron beam, of about 10micron size, is scanned over the laser spot as the SEM, the laser-Compton scattering photon has the information of the high power laser pulses. If we scanned the electron beam from various direction, the laser focus profile can be obtained like a CT image. We believe that this technique can provide the valuable information for stabilizing and optimizing the EUV source. The concept of this diagnostics, simulation studies of focused scanning electron beam, and future plans will be presented at the conference.

LPP Source



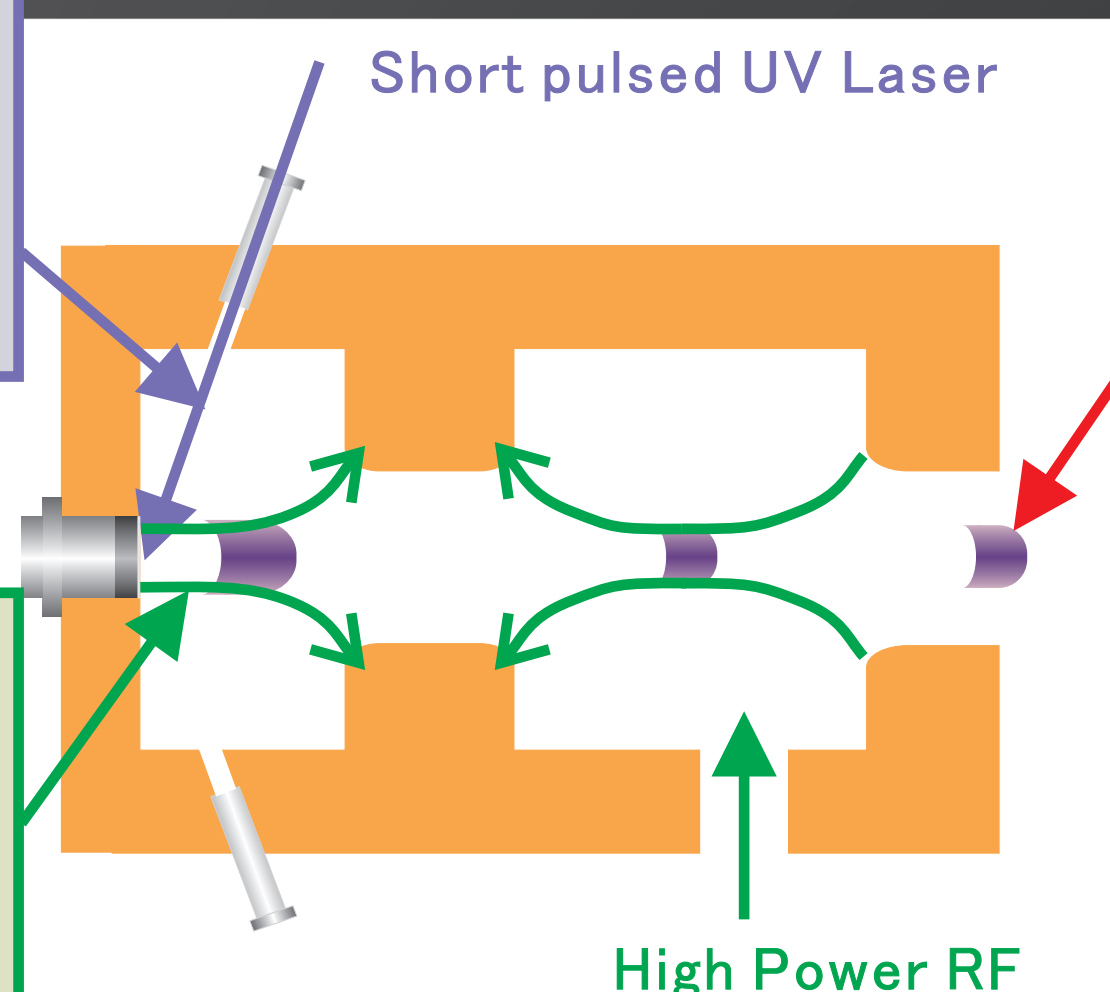
High power CO₂ laser diagnosis
>Measure and optimize real spot
>Perfect compensation thermal effect
>Spot feedback will be available (non-destructive)

Direct observation by
"Laser-Compton scattering"
by scanning electron beam
"SEB Compton Diagnosis"

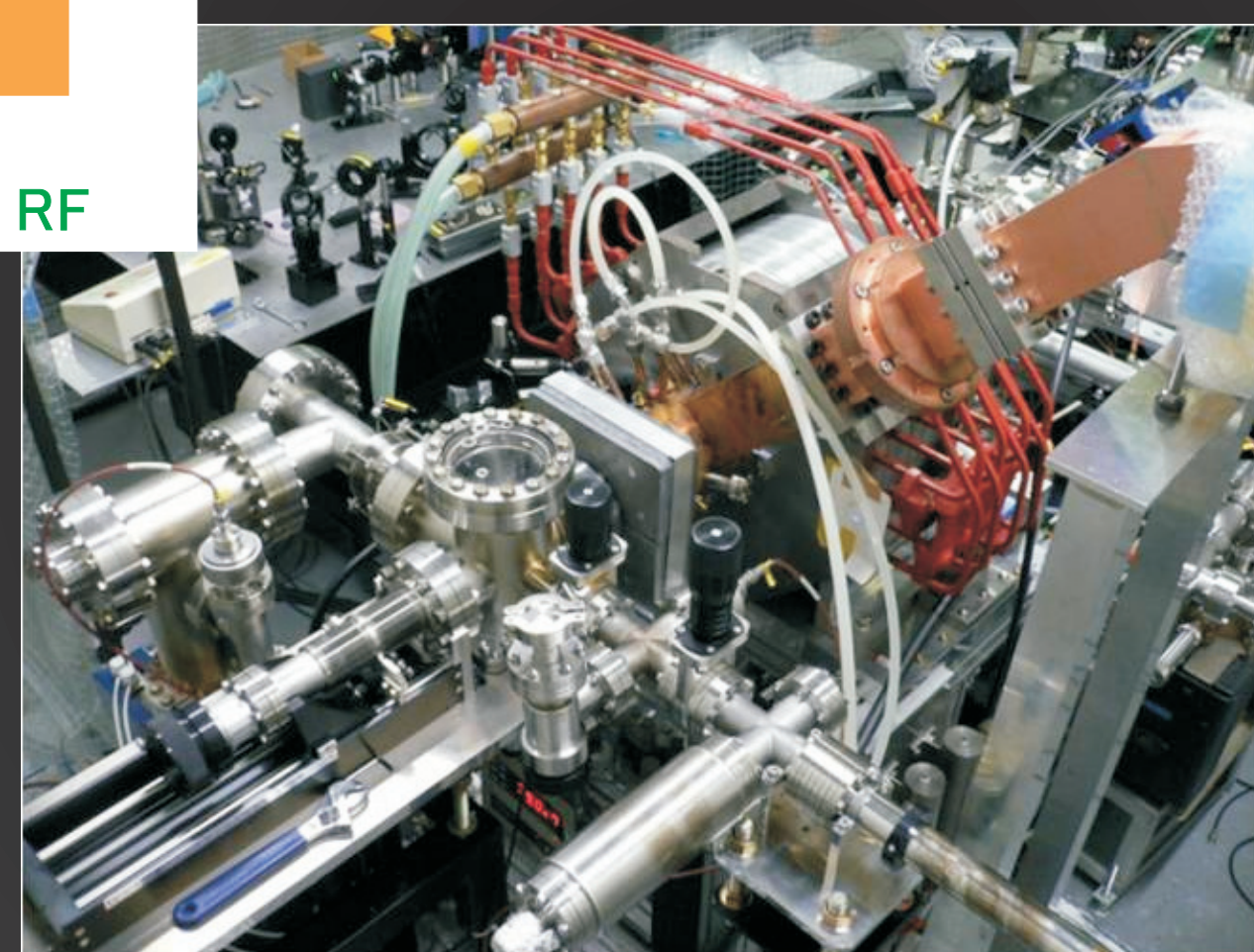
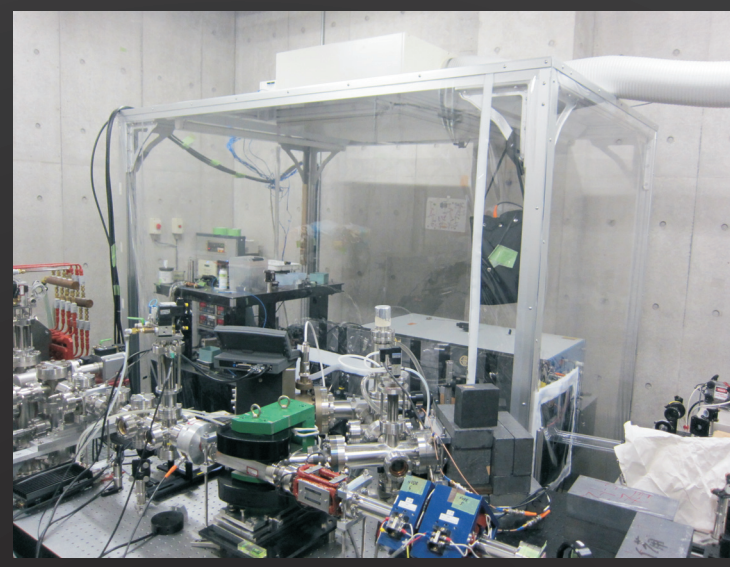
Photocathode rf electron gun

Short pulsed UV laser produces short pulsed electron bunch
Time structure of electron can be controlled by laser

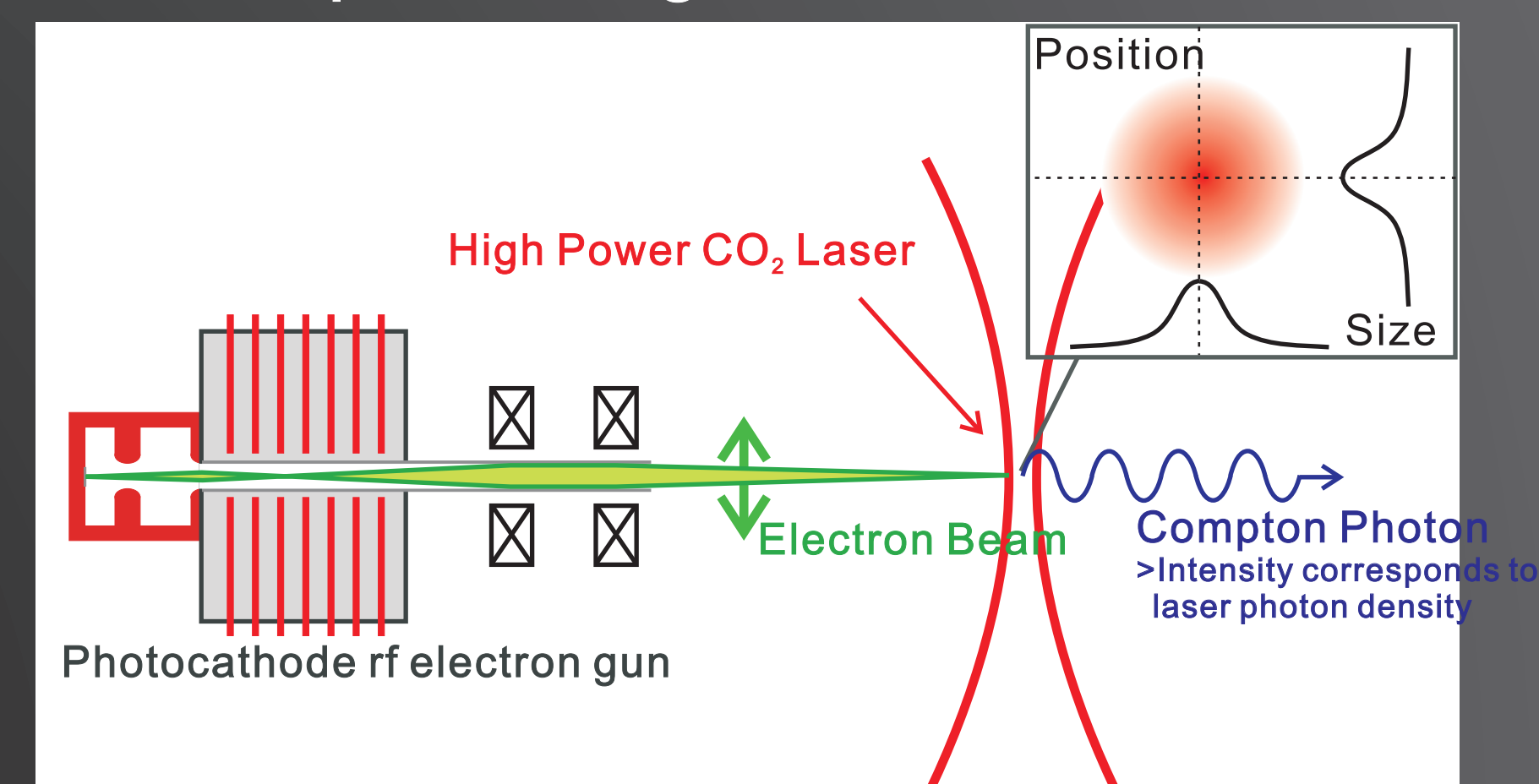
More than 100MV/m electric Field on photocathode accelerate immediately
>High quality



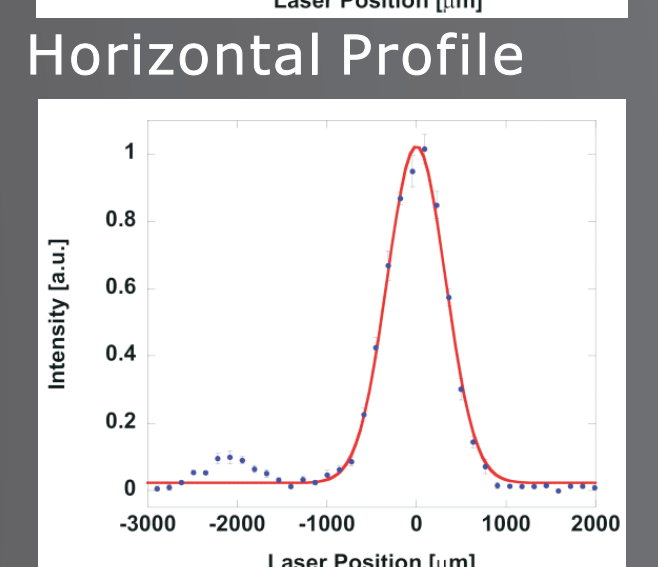
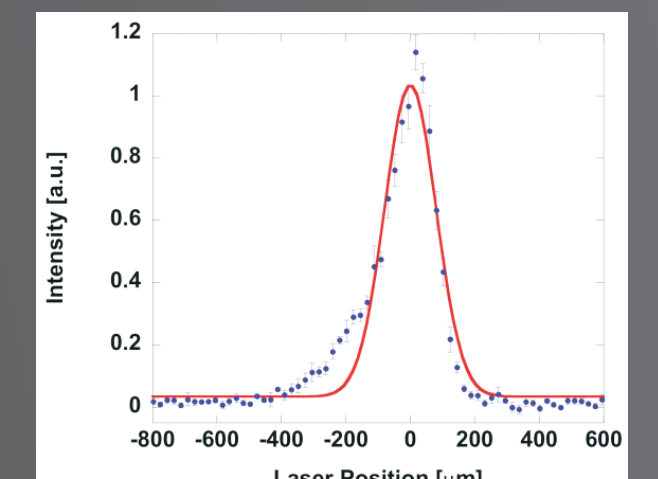
High quality electron beam with high current (dose), good directivity, more than 5MeV energy, and short pulsed



SEB Compton Diagnosis



Laser Size < EB Size
EB Spot Measurement
K. Sakaue et al.,
Rad. Phys. Chem. 77(2008)1136

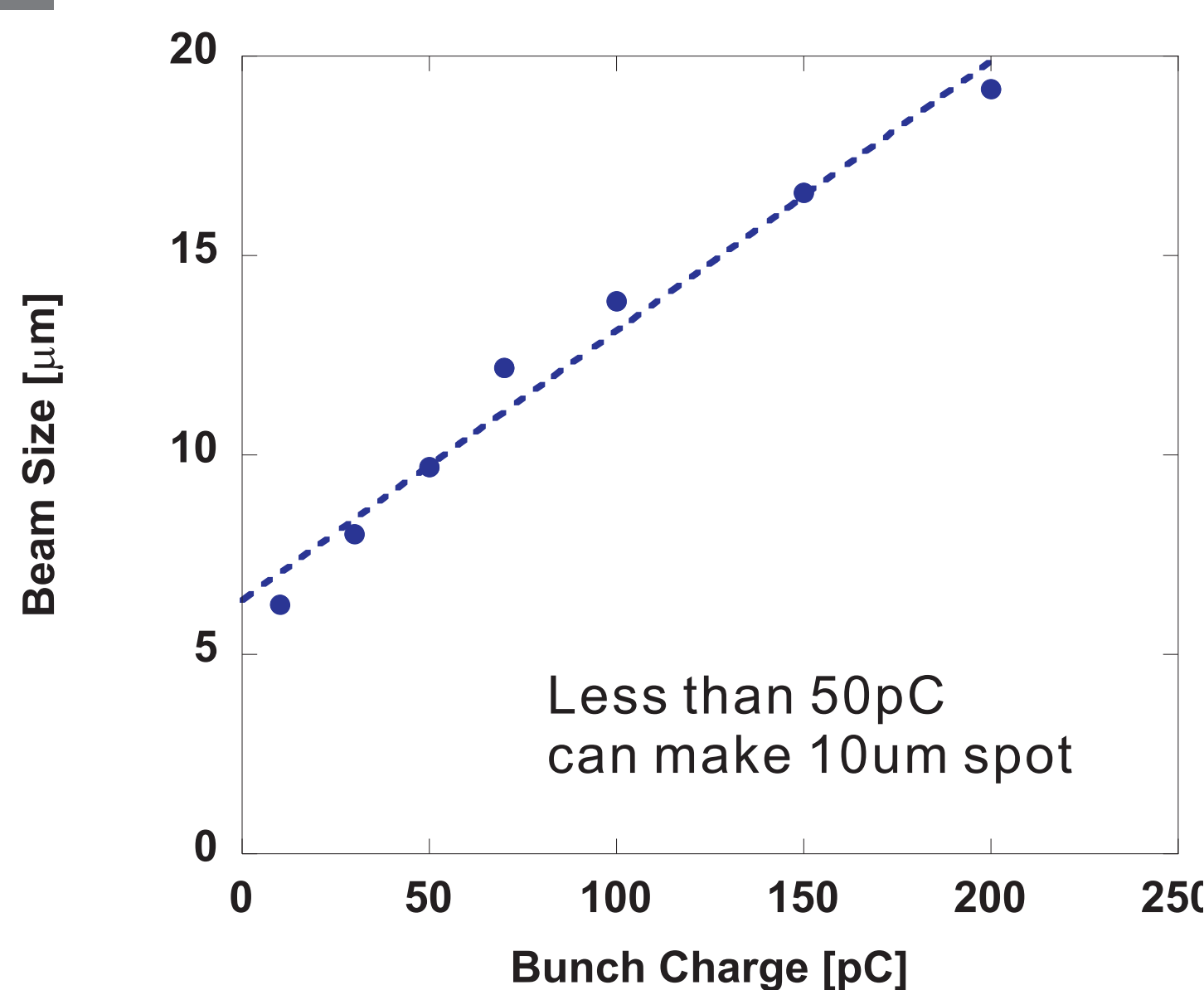
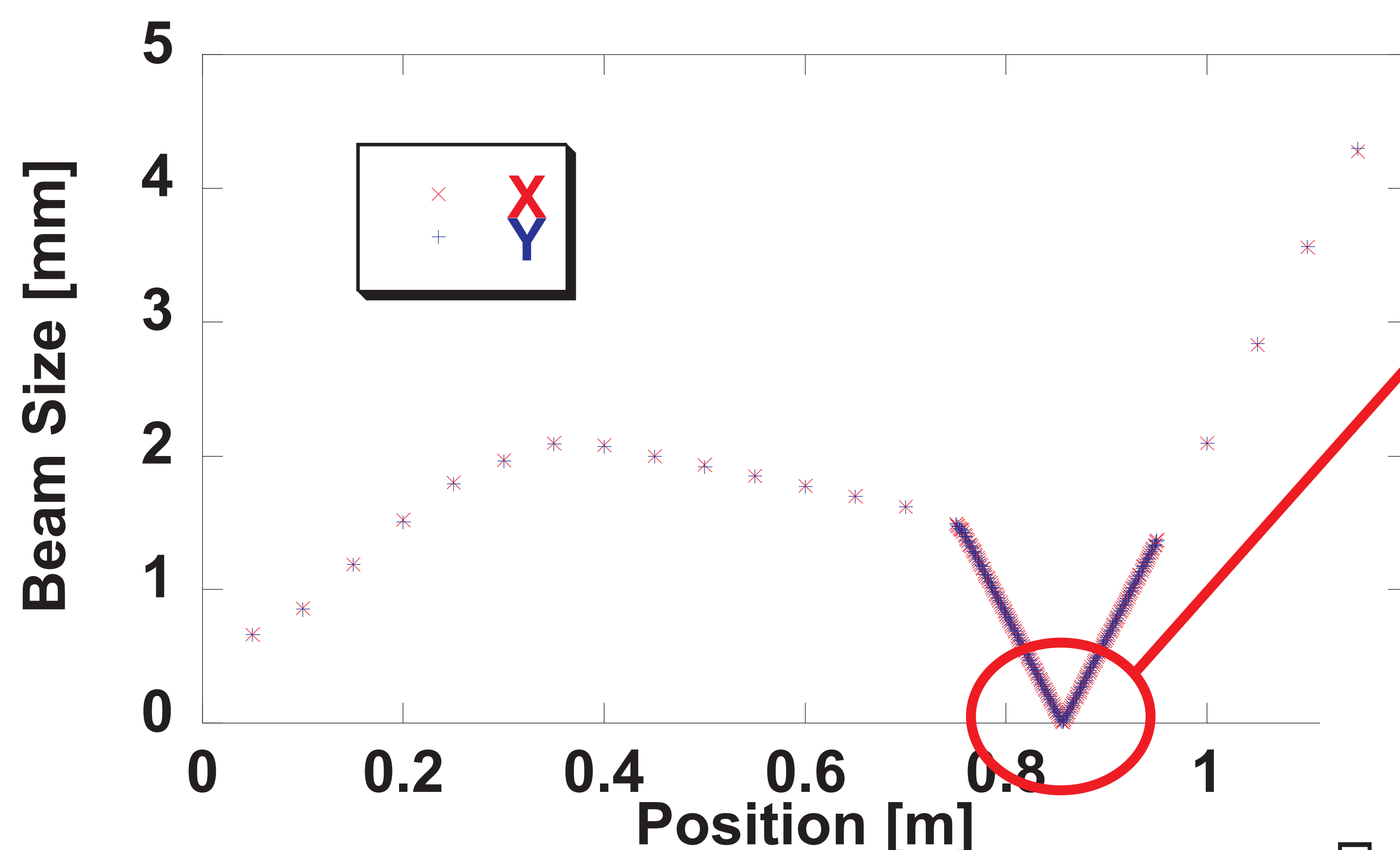
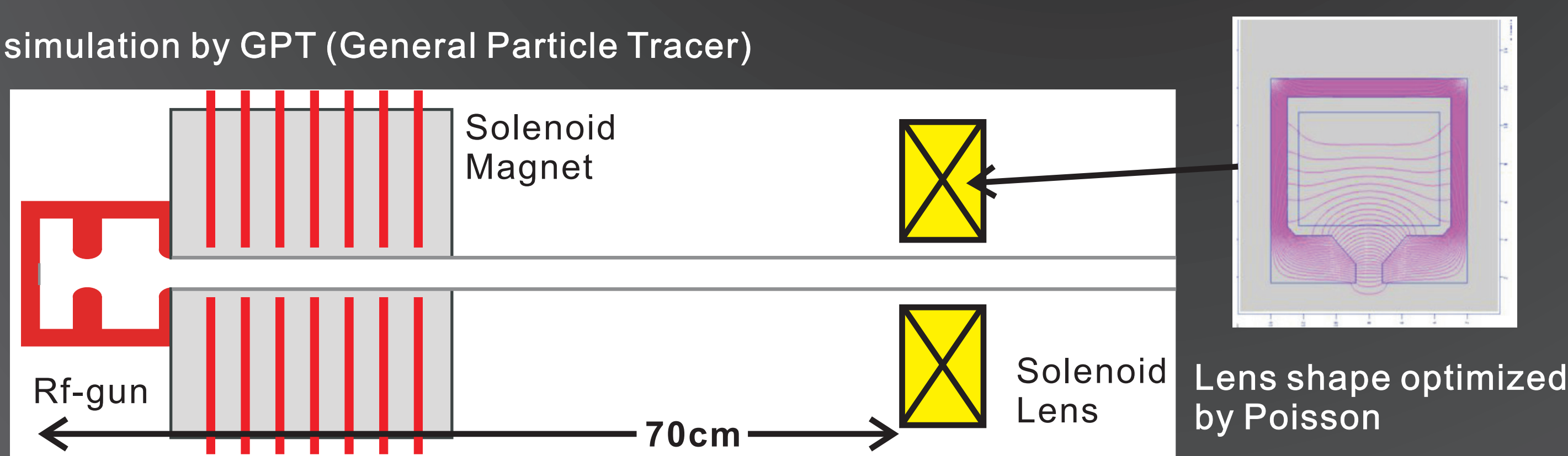


Laser Size > EB Size
Laser Spot Measurement
If we can observe various direction profile, 2D or 3D laser profile can be measured by CT technique

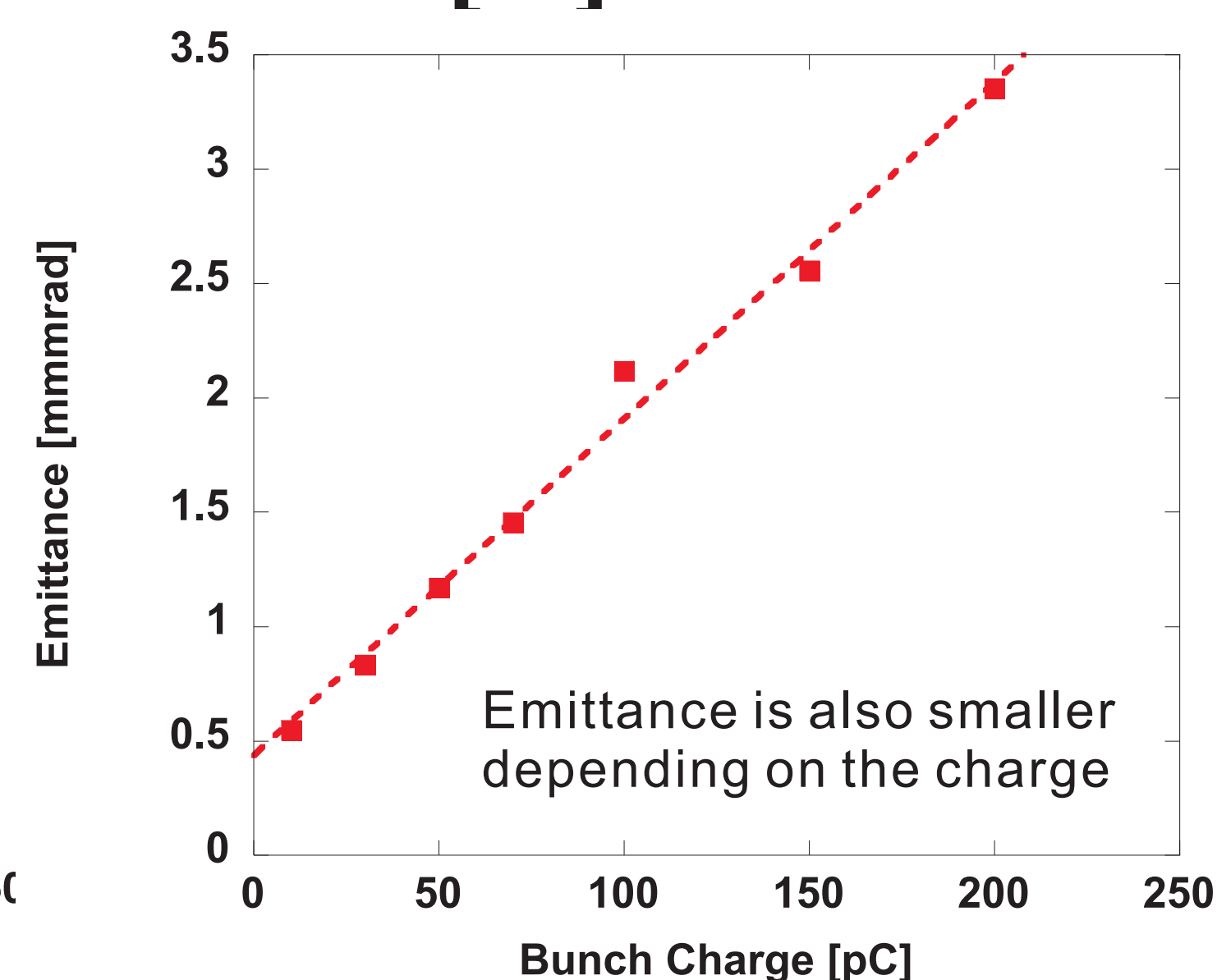
Design study of very small spot electron beam generation by photocathode rf electron gun

Small spot electron beam generation study for SEB Compton diagnosis

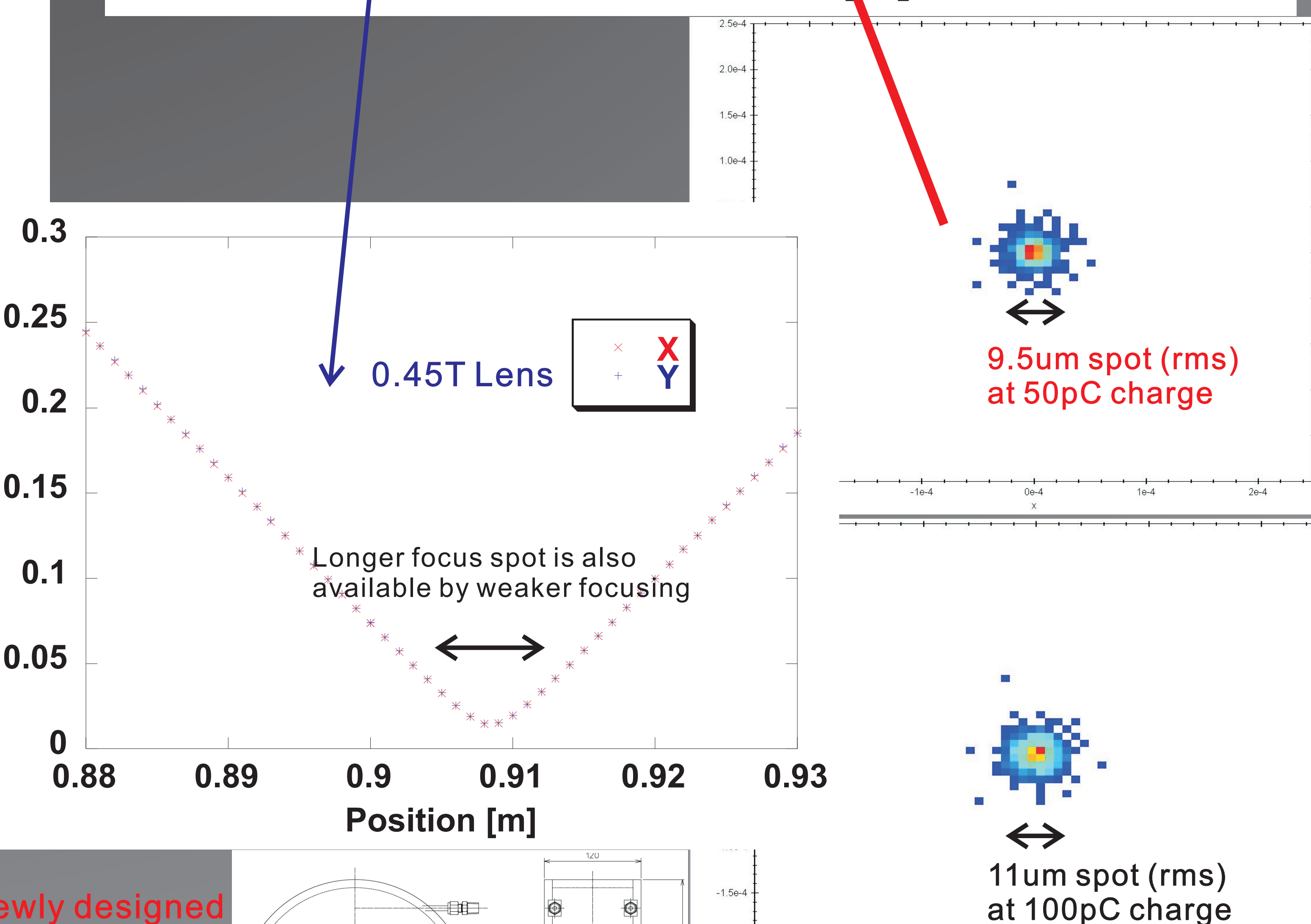
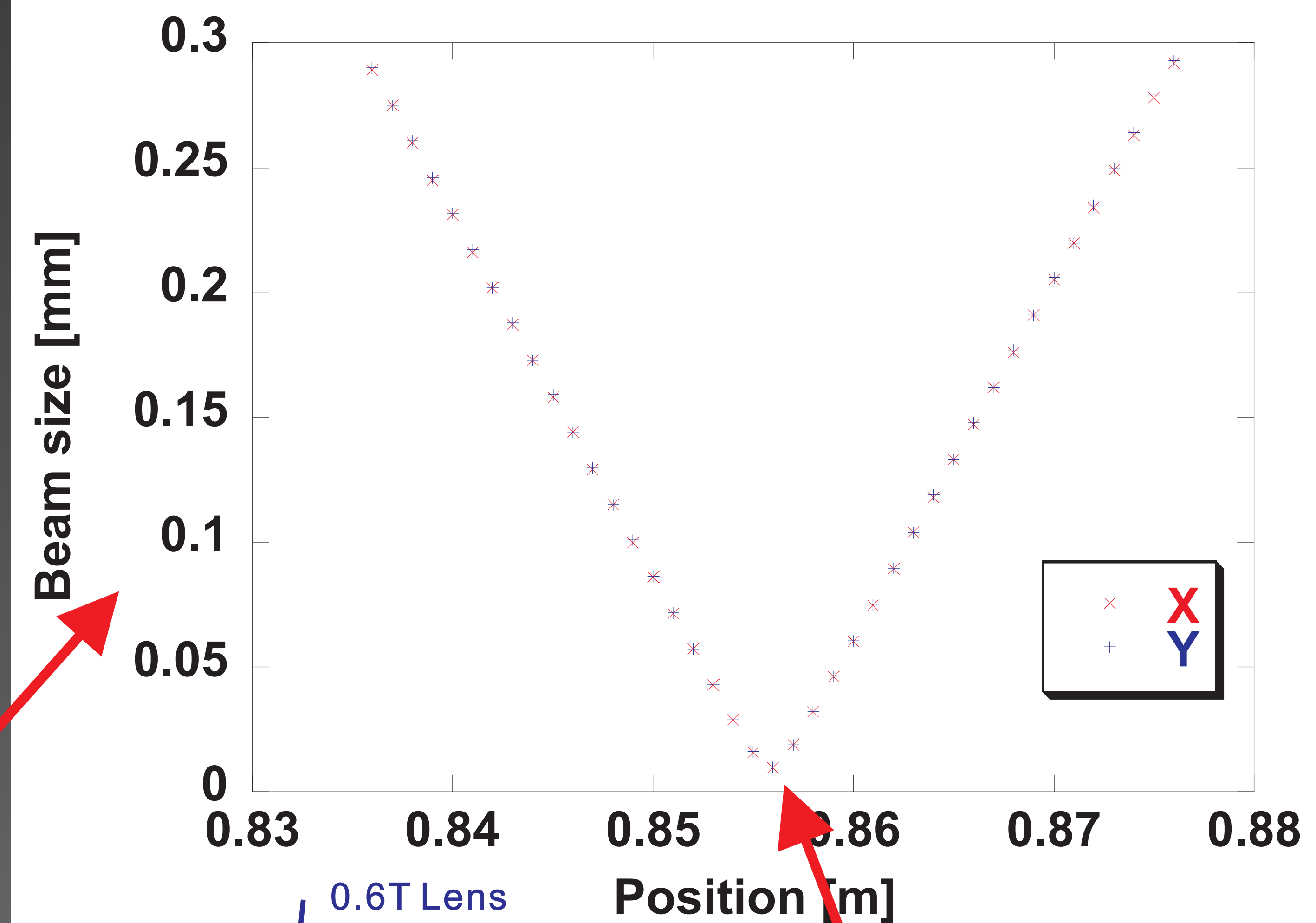
Electron beam simulation by GPT (General Particle Tracer)



Less than 50pC can make 10um spot



Emittance is also smaller depending on the charge



9.5um spot (rms) at 50pC charge

11um spot (rms) at 100pC charge

Summary and future prospects

LPP EUV source needs small and stable spot at the interaction point with Sn droplet.

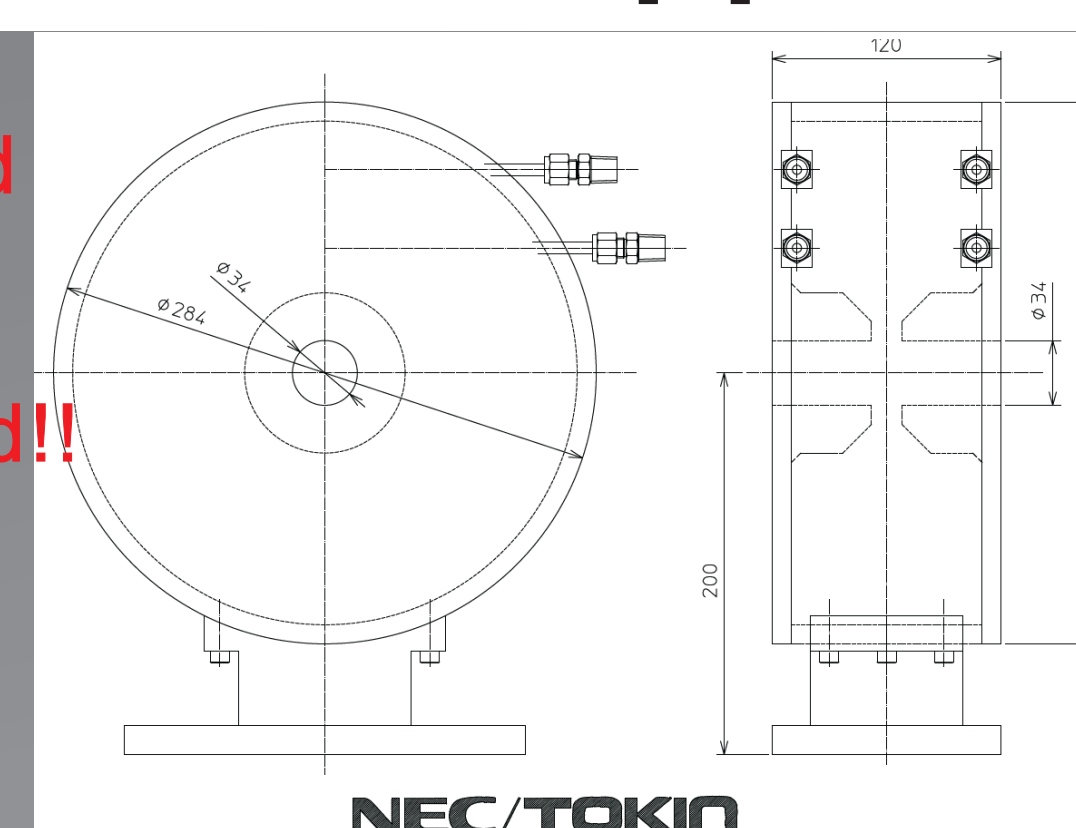
New diagnostic technique is proposed;
Scanning electron beam can visualize the high power laser spot by laser-Compton scattering.
Using CT technique, real focus profile can be obtained.

Design studies are performed at Waseda University, less than 10um (9.5um : 50pC) / around 10um (11um : 100pC) can be achieved by our photocathode rf electron gun with the magnet lens.

Lens is already designed and ordered, we will performed the SEB Compton technique in near future.

Newly designed Solenoid Lens

Already ordered!!
Coming soon!!



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